



Oadby and Wigston Borough Council

TO COUNCILLOR:

G S Atwal
T Barr
L A Bentley
G A Boulter
J W Boyce

L Darr
B Dave
Mrs L Eaton
B Fahey
D A Gamble (Vice-Chairman)

J Kaufman
K J Loydall
Mrs S B Morris (Chair)
R E R Morris

Dear Sir/Madam,

I hereby summon you to attend a meeting of the **POLICY, FINANCE AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE** to be held in the Council Offices, Station Road, Wigston on **TUESDAY, 22 SEPTEMBER 2015 at 7.00 pm** for the transaction of the business set out in the Agenda below.

Yours faithfully

Council Offices
Wigston

Chief Executive

AGENDA

Page No's

7. ISA 260 Annual Governance Report 2014/15

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Policy, Finance & Development Committee	22 September 2015	Matter for Decision
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Title: ISA 260 Annual Governance Report 2014/15

Author: John Dickson, Chief Financial Officer and Section 151 Officer

1. Introduction

This Paper provides the Committee with KPMG’s (the Council’s External Auditor) Annual Governance Report for 2014/15.

2. Recommendations

That the Committee considers and accepts the content of KPMG’s Annual Governance Report.

3. Information

This report summarises KPMG’s findings from their 2014/15 audit. All the audit differences brought to the attention of the Council have been corrected including the re-stating of the 2013/14 figures on the Cash Flow Statement.

In the Annual Governance Report which is attached as Appendix 1, KPMG expect to issue an unqualified opinion for both the Financial Statements and the Value for Money aspects of their work.

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Background Papers:-

Implications	
Financial (JD)	The financial implications are outlined in this report
Risk (JD)	A qualified audit opinion may have a negative impact on the Council’s financial reputation.
Equalities (JD)	No direct implications
Legal (JD)	No direct implications



cutting through complexity

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Report to those charged with governance (ISA 260) 2014/15

Oadby and Wigston Borough Council

September 2015

The contacts at KPMG in connection with this report are:

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This report is addressed to the Authority and has been prepared for the sole use of the Authority. We take no responsibility to any member of staff acting in their individual capacities, or to third parties. The Audit Commission issued a document entitled Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies summarising where the responsibilities of auditors begin and end and what is expected from audited bodies. We draw your attention to this document which is available on Public Sector Audit Appointment's website (www.psa.co.uk).

External auditors do not act as a substitute for the audited body's own responsibility for putting in place proper arrangements to ensure that public business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively.

We are committed to providing you with a high quality service. If you have any concerns or are dissatisfied with any part of KPMG's work, in the first instance you should contact John Cornett, the engagement lead to the Authority, who will try to resolve your complaint. If you are dissatisfied with your response please contact the national lead partner for all of KPMG's work under our contract with Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited, Trevor Rees (on 0161 246 4000, or by email to trevor.rees@kpmg.co.uk). After this, if you are still dissatisfied with how your complaint has been handled you can access PSA's complaints procedure by emailing generalenquiries@psaa.co.uk, by telephoning 020 7072 7445 or by writing to Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited, 3rd Floor, Local Government House, Smith Square, London, SW1P 3HZ.

This document summarises:

- the key issues identified during our audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015 for the Authority; and
- our assessment of the Authority's arrangements to secure value for money.

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Scope of this report

This report summarises the key findings arising from:

- our audit work at Oadby and Wigston Borough Council ('the Authority') in relation to the Authority's 2014/15 financial statements; and
- the work to support our 2014/15 conclusion on the Authority's arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources ('VFM conclusion').

Financial statements

Our *External Audit Plan 2014/15*, presented to you in March 2015, set out the four stages of our financial statements audit process.



This report focuses on the stage three of the process: substantive procedures. Our on site work for this took place during July 2015.

We are now in the final phase of the audit, the completion stage. Some aspects of this stage are also discharged through this report.

VFM conclusion

Our *External Audit Plan 2014/15* explained our risk-based approach to VFM work. We have now completed the work to support our 2014/15 VFM conclusion. This included:

- assessing the potential VFM risks and identifying the residual audit risks for our VFM conclusion; and
- considering the results of any relevant work by the Authority and other inspectorates and review agencies in relation to these risk areas;

Structure of this report

This report is structured as follows:

- Section 2 summarises the headline messages.
- Section 3 sets out our key findings from our audit work in relation to the 2014/15 financial statements of the Authority.
- Section 4 outlines our key findings from our work on the VFM conclusion.

Acknowledgements

We would like to take this opportunity to thank officers and Members for their continuing help and co-operation throughout our audit work.

This table summarises the headline messages for the Authority. The remainder of this report provides further details on each area.

This table summarises the headline messages. Sections three and four of this report provide further details on each area.

Proposed audit opinion	We anticipate issuing an unqualified audit opinion on the Authority's financial statements by 30 September 2015. We will also report that your Annual Governance Statement complies with guidance issued by CIPFA/SOLACE in June 2007.
Audit adjustments	We identified a number of non material audit adjustments which have been amended by your Officers. We also identified a small number of presentational adjustments required to ensure that the accounts are compliant with the <i>Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2014/15 ('the Code')</i> .
Key financial statements audit risks	We review risks to the financial statements on an ongoing basis. We identified one significant risk specific to the Authority during 2014/15 with respect to the financial statements. This arose from the contract for the provision of the new leisure centre and swimming pool and the Authority's accounting treatment of the de-recognition of the old facilities.
Accounts production and audit process	The Authority has good processes in place for the production of the accounts and the supporting working papers met the required standard. There were some delays in providing additional information requested, but we expect to complete the audit within the agreed timescale.
Completion	<p>At the date of this report our audit of the financial statements is substantially complete subject to completion of the following areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ testing of non pay expenditure; ■ completion of the review of the cash flow statement; ■ agreement of the segmental reporting disclosures ■ review of PPA note and supporting working papers; ■ agreement of a number of material figures in the notes to the accounts to underlying working papers; and ■ agreement of amendments to the financial statements: <p>We will update you on any issues arising from this work at the meeting on 22 September.</p> <p>Before we can issue our opinion we require a signed management representation letter.</p> <p>We confirm that we have complied with requirements on objectivity and independence in relation to this year's audit of the Authority's financial statements.</p>

VFM conclusion and risk areas

We did not identify any VFM risks in our *External audit plan 2014/15* issued in March 2015.

We have worked with officers throughout the year to discuss VFM risks. There are no matters of any significance arising as result of our audit work.

We have concluded that the Authority has made proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We therefore anticipate issuing an unqualified VFM conclusion by 30 September 2015.

We anticipate issuing an unqualified audit opinion in relation to the Authority's financial statements by 30 September 2015.

We have made recommendations to address 3 control deficiencies.

The wording of your Annual Governance Statement complies with guidance issued by CIPFA/SOLACE in June 2007

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Proposed audit opinion

Subject to all outstanding work being resolved to our satisfaction, we anticipate issuing an unqualified audit opinion on the Authority's financial statements following approval of the Statement of Accounts by the Policy, Finance and Development Committee on 22 September 2015.

Audit differences

In accordance with ISA 260 we are required to report uncorrected audit differences to you. We also report any material misstatements which have been corrected and which we believe should be communicated to you to help you meet your governance responsibilities.

The final materiality (see Appendix 4 for more information on materiality) level for this year's audit was set at £560,000. Audit differences below £28,000 are not considered significant.

Our audit found that the figures in the cash flow statement did not reflect the changes caused by the prior period adjustment, and that an explanation of the prior period adjustment had not been included within the notes to the accounts. Your officers are amending the statements to correct these errors. This amendment has no impact on the Authority's financial position at the year end.

We also identified a small number of presentational adjustments required to ensure that the accounts are compliant with the *Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2014/15* ('the Code'). We understand that the Authority will be addressing these where significant.

Control deficiencies

We have identified control deficiencies in the Cash and Bank and the Payroll systems:

- delays in completion of the cash and bank reconciliation during the year;
- lack of assurance over payroll received from the service organisation; and
- payroll monitoring spreadsheet not completed for month 12.

We have made recommendations to address these issues at Appendix 1.



Annual Governance Statement

We have reviewed the Annual Governance Statement and confirmed that:

- it complies with *Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: A Framework* published by CIPFA/SOLACE; and
- it is not misleading or inconsistent with other information we are aware of from our audit of the financial statements.


In our *External Audit Plan 2014/15*, presented to you in March 2015, we did not identify any significant risks affecting the Authority's 2014/15 financial statements. However we reported that we would consider two risk areas that are specifically required by professional standards and report our findings to you. These risk areas were Management override of controls and the Fraud risk of revenue recognition.

The table below sets out the outcome of our audit procedures and assessment on these risk areas.

Areas of significant risk	Summary of findings
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;">  <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Page 8</p> </div> <div> <p>Audit areas affected</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ All areas </div> </div>	<p>Our audit methodology incorporates the risk of management override as a default significant risk. Management is typically in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We have not identified any specific additional risks of management override relating to this audit.</p> <p>In line with our methodology, we carried out appropriate controls testing and substantive procedures, including journal entries, accounting estimates and significant transactions that are outside the normal course of business, or are otherwise unusual.</p> <p>There are no matters arising from this work that we need to bring to your attention.</p>
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 20px;">  </div> <div> <p>Audit areas affected</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ None </div> </div>	<p>Professional standards require us to make a rebuttable presumption that the fraud risk from revenue recognition is a significant risk.</p> <p>In our <i>External Audit Plan 2014/15</i> we reported that we do not consider this to be a significant risk for Local Authorities as there is unlikely to be an incentive to fraudulently recognise revenue.</p> <p>This is still the case. Since we have rebutted this presumed risk, there has been no impact on our audit work.</p>

In our *External Audit Plan 2014/15*, presented to you in **March 2015**, we identified **one significant risk**.

The table sets out our findings for this significant risk.

Areas of audit focus	Issue	Findings
	<p>The Authority has entered into a major contract for the provision of a new leisure centre, including the demolition of the previous leisure centre.</p>	<p>We reviewed the Authority's accounting proposals for the de-recognition of the previous assets and the recognition of the new build in advance of the completion of the draft accounts, and confirmed that the accounting treatment was appropriate.</p>

Financial Statements (continued)

Accounts production and audit process

The Authority has a well established accounts production process. This operated well in 2014/15, and the standard of accounts was good and the supporting working papers met the standards specified in our Accounts Audit Protocol.

Officers dealt promptly and efficiently with audit queries, but some delays in the provision of additional information resulted in delays in the audit process.

Accounts production and audit process

ISA 260 requires us to communicate to you our views about the significant qualitative aspects of the Authority's accounting practices and financial reporting. We also assessed the Authority's process for preparing the accounts and its support for an efficient audit.

We considered the following criteria:

Element	Commentary
Accounting practices and financial reporting	<p>The Authority continues to maintain a good financial reporting process and produce statements of accounts to a good standard.</p> <p>We consider that accounting practices are appropriate</p>
Completeness of draft accounts	<p>We received the draft accounts on 29 June 2015.</p> <p>The Authority has made a small number of presentational changes to the accounts presented for audit however there have been no changes which we consider to be fundamental.</p>
Quality of supporting working papers	<p>The quality of working papers provided met the required standards.</p>
Response to audit queries	<p>There were some delays in providing additional information not previously requested in our <i>Accounts Audit Protocol</i>, leading to a delay in the completion of our testing.</p>

We will be meeting with your officers in the coming months to discuss the challenges posed by the changes to the Accounts and Audit Regulations regarding the accounting and audit timetable, which included reporting dates of 31 May for the production of the accounts and 31 July for the audit opinion.

Prior year recommendations

As part of our audit we have specifically followed up the Authority's progress in addressing the recommendation regarding journals in last year's ISA 260 report.

The Authority has implemented the recommendation in our *ISA 260 Report 2013/14*.

We confirm that we have complied with requirements on objectivity and independence in relation to this year's audit of the Authority's financial statements.

Before we can issue our opinion we require a signed management representation letter.

Once we have finalised our opinions and conclusions we will prepare our *Annual Audit Letter* and close our audit.

Declaration of independence and objectivity

As part of the finalisation process we are required to provide you with representations concerning our independence.

In relation to the audit of the financial statements of Oadby and Wigston Borough Council for the year ending 31 March 2015, we confirm that there were no relationships between KPMG LLP and Oadby and Wigston Borough Council, its directors and senior management and its affiliates that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the objectivity and independence of the audit engagement lead and audit staff. We also confirm that we have complied with Ethical Standards and the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd requirements in relation to independence and objectivity.

We have provided a detailed declaration in Appendix 2 in accordance with ISA 260.

Management representations

You are required to provide us with representations on specific matters such as your financial standing and whether the transactions within the accounts are legal and unaffected by fraud. We have provided a template to the Head of Finance for presentation to the Policy, Finance and Development Committee. We require a signed copy of your management representations before we issue our audit opinion.

Other matters

ISA 260 requires us to communicate to you by exception 'audit matters of governance interest that arise from the audit of the financial statements' which include:

- significant difficulties encountered during the audit;
- significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed, or subject to correspondence with management;
- other matters, if arising from the audit that, in the auditor's professional judgment, are significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process; and
- matters specifically required by other auditing standards to be communicated to those charged with governance (e.g. significant deficiencies in internal control; issues relating to fraud, compliance with laws and regulations, subsequent events, non disclosure, related party, public interest reporting, questions/objections, opening balances etc).

There are no others matters which we wish to draw to your attention in addition to those highlighted in this report.

Our VFM conclusion considers how the Authority secures financial resilience and challenges how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

We have concluded that the Authority has made proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Background

Auditors are required to give their statutory VFM conclusion based on two criteria specified by the Audit Commission. These consider whether the Authority has proper arrangements in place for:

- securing financial resilience: looking at the Authority's financial governance, financial planning and financial control processes; and
- challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness: looking at how the Authority is prioritising resources and improving efficiency and productivity.

We follow a risk based approach to target audit effort on the areas of greatest audit risk. We consider the arrangements put in place by the Authority to mitigate these risks and plan our work accordingly.

The key elements of the VFM audit approach are summarised in the diagram below.

Work completed

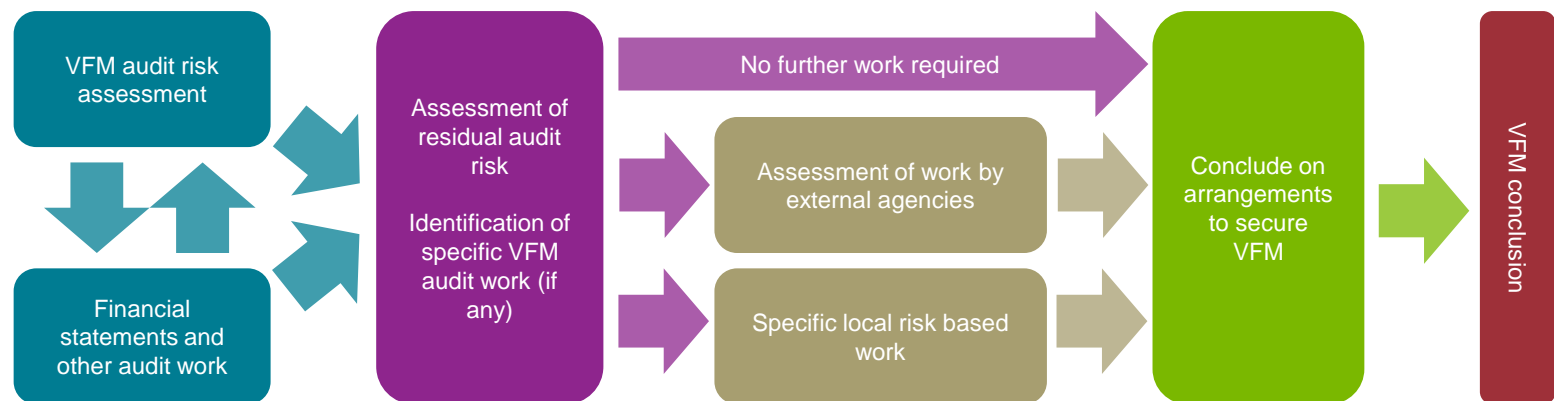
We performed a risk assessment earlier in the year and have reviewed this throughout the year.

We have not identified any significant risks to our VFM conclusion and therefore have not completed any additional work.

Conclusion

We have concluded that the Authority has made proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

VFM criterion	Met
Securing financial resilience	✓
Securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness	✓



Appendix 1: Key issues and recommendations

We have given each recommendation a risk rating and agreed what action management will need to take.

The Authority should closely monitor progress in addressing specific risks and implementing our recommendations.

We will formally follow up this recommendation next year.

Priority rating for recommendations

1 **Priority one:** issues that are fundamental and material to your system of internal control. We believe that these issues might mean that you do not meet a system objective or reduce (mitigate) a risk.

2 **Priority two:** issues that have an important effect on internal controls but do not need immediate action. You may still meet a system objective in full or in part or reduce (mitigate) a risk adequately but the weakness remains in the system.

3 **Priority three:** issues that would, if corrected, improve the internal control in general but are not vital to the overall system. These are generally issues of best practice that we feel would benefit you if you introduced them.

No.	Risk	Issue and recommendation	Management response / responsible officer / due date
1	1	<p>Cash and Bank reconciliations</p> <p>At our interim audit in March we noted that the cash and bank reconciliation had not been completed since November 2014. This reconciliation is a key control and has a pervasive effect throughout the Authority's accounts. The reconciliation was found to be up to date at our accounts visit, however it was noted that the process takes around 6 weeks to complete.</p> <p>Recommendation</p> <p>Ensure that reconciliations are undertaken on a timely basis.</p> <p>Review the reconciliation process to identify opportunities for completing reconciliations more quickly.</p>	<p>Agreed.</p> <p>Financial Services Manager</p> <p>A review of the bank reconciliation processes and procedures is underway. Any required changes will be implemented by 31 December 2015.</p>

No.	Risk	Issue and recommendation	Management response / responsible officer / due date
2	1	<p>Payroll system – Service organization assurances</p> <p>The Authority had not requested, received or considered an annual assurance statement from Leicestershire County Council (LCC) in respect of the payroll services that LCC provides. Following our audit a copy of LCC's internal audit report was requested and reviewed by your officers to support the Annual Governance Statement.</p> <p>Recommendation</p> <p>Ensure that assurances over the operation of the payroll system are received in future years.</p>	<p>Agreed with immediate effect.</p> <p>Finance Manager</p>
3	1	<p>Payroll system – monitoring spreadsheet</p> <p>The Authority maintains a detailed monitoring spreadsheet of the payroll through out the year. This provides an excellent mitigating control over the lack of assurances reported above. However the spreadsheet had not been completed at the time of the final accounts visit for figures for March 2015. We asked officers to complete this during the visit in order to provide us with the necessary assurances over the payroll system, and this was provided to us at the end of July.</p> <p>Recommendation</p> <p>Ensure that the payroll monitoring spreadsheet is updated on a monthly basis.</p>	<p>Agreed with immediate effect.</p> <p>Principal Accountant</p>

This appendix sets out the audit differences.

The financial statements have been amended for all of the errors identified through the audit process.

There was no impact on the financial position of the Authority as a result of these amendments.

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We are required by ISA 260 to report all uncorrected misstatements, other than those that we believe are clearly trivial, to those charged with governance (which in your case is the Policy, Finance and Development Committee). We are also required to report all material misstatements that have been corrected but that we believe should be communicated to you to assist you in fulfilling your governance responsibilities.

Uncorrected audit differences

We are pleased to report that there are no uncorrected audit differences.

Corrected audit differences

Material misstatements

We are pleased to report that there were no material misstatements affecting the core financial statements.

Non material audit differences

Our audit found that the figures in the cash flow statement did not reflect the changes caused by the prior period adjustment, and that an explanation of the prior period adjustment had not been included within the notes to the accounts. Your officers have amended the statements to correct these errors. This amendment has no impact on the Authority's financial position at the year end.

A number of minor amendments focused on presentational improvements have also been made to the draft financial statements..

The Code of Audit Practice requires us to exercise our professional judgement and act independently of both Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd and the Authority.

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Requirements

Auditors appointed by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd must comply with the *Code of Audit Practice* (the 'Code') which states that:

“Auditors and their staff should exercise their professional judgement and act independently of both the Commission and the audited body. Auditors, or any firm with which an auditor is associated, should not carry out work for an audited body that does not relate directly to the discharge of auditors’ functions, if it would impair the auditors’ independence or might give rise to a reasonable perception that their independence could be impaired.”

In considering issues of independence and objectivity we consider relevant professional, regulatory and legal requirements and guidance, including the provisions of the Code, the detailed provisions of the Statement of Independence included within the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd *Terms of Appointment* ('Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd Guidance') and the requirements of APB Ethical Standard 1 *Integrity, Objectivity and Independence* ('Ethical Standards').

The Code states that, in carrying out their audit of the financial statements, auditors should comply with auditing standards currently in force, and as may be amended from time to time. Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd guidance requires appointed auditors to follow the provisions of ISA (UK & I) 260 *Communication of Audit Matters with Those Charged with Governance* that are applicable to the audit of listed companies. This means that the appointed auditor must disclose in writing:

- Details of all relationships between the auditor and the client, its directors and senior management and its affiliates, including all services provided by the audit firm and its network to the client, its directors and senior management and its affiliates, that the auditor considers may reasonably be thought to bear on the auditor's objectivity and independence.

- The related safeguards that are in place.
- The total amount of fees that the auditor and the auditor's network firms have charged to the client and its affiliates for the provision of services during the reporting period, analysed into appropriate categories, for example, statutory audit services, further audit services, tax advisory services and other non-audit services. For each category, the amounts of any future services which have been contracted or where a written proposal has been submitted are separately disclosed. We do this in our *Annual Audit Letter*.

Appointed auditors are also required to confirm in writing that they have complied with Ethical Standards and that, in the auditor's professional judgement, the auditor is independent and the auditor's objectivity is not compromised, or otherwise declare that the auditor has concerns that the auditor's objectivity and independence may be compromised and explaining the actions which necessarily follow from his. These matters should be discussed with the Policy, Finance and Development Committee.

Ethical Standards require us to communicate to those charged with governance in writing at least annually all significant facts and matters, including those related to the provision of non-audit services and the safeguards put in place that, in our professional judgement, may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and the objectivity of the Engagement Lead and the audit team.

General procedures to safeguard independence and objectivity

KPMG's reputation is built, in great part, upon the conduct of our professionals and their ability to deliver objective and independent advice and opinions. That integrity and objectivity underpins the work that KPMG performs and is important to the regulatory environments in which we operate. All partners and staff have an obligation to maintain the relevant level of required independence and to identify and evaluate circumstances and relationships that may impair that independence.

We confirm that we have complied with requirements on objectivity and independence in relation to this year's audit of the Authority's financial statements.

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Acting as an auditor places specific obligations on the firm, partners and staff in order to demonstrate the firm's required independence. KPMG's policies and procedures regarding independence matters are detailed in the *Ethics and Independence Manual* ('the Manual'). The Manual sets out the overriding principles and summarises the policies and regulations which all partners and staff must adhere to in the area of professional conduct and in dealings with clients and others.

KPMG is committed to ensuring that all partners and staff are aware of these principles. To facilitate this, a hard copy of the Manual is provided to everyone annually. The Manual is divided into two parts. Part 1 sets out KPMG's ethics and independence policies which partners and staff must observe both in relation to their personal dealings and in relation to the professional services they provide. Part 2 of the Manual summarises the key risk management policies which partners and staff are required to follow when providing such services.

All partners and staff must understand the personal responsibilities they have towards complying with the policies outlined in the Manual and follow them at all times. To acknowledge understanding of and adherence to the policies set out in the Manual, all partners and staff are required to submit an annual ethics and independence confirmation. Failure to follow these policies can result in disciplinary action.

Auditor declaration

In relation to the audit of the financial statements of Oadby and Wigston Borough Council for the financial year ending 31 March 2015, we confirm that there were no relationships between KPMG LLP and Oadby and Wigston Borough Council, its directors and senior management and its affiliates that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the objectivity and independence of the audit engagement lead and audit staff. We also confirm that we have complied with Ethical Standards and the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd requirements in relation to independence and objectivity.

For 2014/15 our materiality is £560,000 for the Authority's accounts.

We have reported all audit differences over £560,000 for the Authority's accounts to the Audit Committee.

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Materiality

The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgment and includes consideration of three aspects: materiality by value, nature and context.

- Material errors by value are those which are simply of significant numerical size to distort the reader's perception of the financial statements. Our assessment of the threshold for this depends upon the size of key figures in the financial statements, as well as other factors such as the level of public interest in the financial statements.
- Errors which are material by nature may not be large in value, but may concern accounting disclosures of key importance and sensitivity, for example the salaries of senior staff.
- Errors that are material by context are those that would alter key figures in the financial statements from one result to another – for example, errors that change successful performance against a target to failure.

We used the same planning materiality reported in our External Audit Plan 2014/15, presented to you in March 2015

Materiality for the Authority's accounts was set at £560,000 which equates to around 2 percent of gross expenditure. We design our procedures to detect errors in specific accounts at a lower level of precision.

Reporting to the Policy, Finance and Development Committee

Whilst our audit procedures are designed to identify misstatements which are material to our opinion on the financial statements as a whole, we nevertheless report to the Policy, Finance and Development Committee any misstatements of lesser amounts to the extent that these are identified by our audit work.

Under ISA 260, we are obliged to report omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. ISA 260 defines 'clearly trivial' as matters that are clearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate and whether judged by any quantitative or qualitative criteria.

ISA 450 requires us to request that uncorrected misstatements are corrected.

In the context of the Authority, we propose that an individual difference could normally be considered to be clearly trivial if it is less than £28k for the Authority.

Where management have corrected material misstatements identified during the course of the audit, we will consider whether those corrections should be communicated to the Policy, Finance and Development Committee to assist it in fulfilling its governance responsibilities.

Appendix 5: KPMG Audit Quality Framework

We continually focus on delivering a high quality audit.

This means building robust quality control procedures into the core audit process rather than bolting them on at the end, and embedding the right attitude and approaches into management and staff.

KPMG's Audit Quality Framework consists of seven key drivers combined with the commitment of each individual in KPMG.

The diagram summarises our approach and each level is expanded upon.

At KPMG we consider audit quality is not just about reaching the right opinion, but how we reach that opinion. KPMG views the outcome of a quality audit as the delivery of an appropriate and independent opinion in compliance with the auditing standards. It is about the processes, thought and integrity behind the audit report. This means, above all, being independent, compliant with our legal and professional requirements, and offering insight and impartial advice to you, our client.

KPMG's Audit Quality Framework consists of seven key drivers combined with the commitment of each individual in KPMG. We use our seven drivers of audit quality to articulate what audit quality means to KPMG.

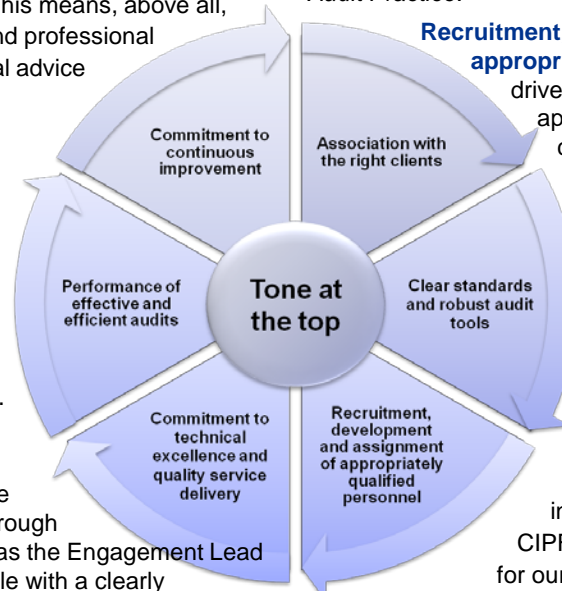
We believe it is important to be transparent about the processes that sit behind a KPMG audit report, so you can have absolute confidence in us and in the quality of our audit.

Tone at the top: We make it clear that audit quality is part of our culture and values and therefore non-negotiable. Tone at the top is the umbrella that covers all the drives of quality through a focused and consistent voice. John Cornett as the Engagement Lead sets the tone on the audit and leads by example with a clearly articulated audit strategy and commits a significant proportion of his time throughout the audit directing and supporting the team.

Association with right clients: We undertake rigorous client and engagement acceptance and continuance procedures which are vital to the ability of KPMG to provide high-quality professional services to our clients.

Clear standards and robust audit tools: We expect our audit professionals to adhere to the clear standards we set and we provide a range of tools to support them in meeting these expectations. The global rollout of KPMG's eAudIT application has significantly enhanced existing audit functionality. eAudIT enables KPMG to deliver a highly

technically enabled audit. All of our staff have a searchable data base, Accounting Research Online, that includes all published accounting standards, the KPMG Audit Manual Guidance as well as other relevant sector specific publications, such as the Audit Commission's *Code of Audit Practice*.



Recruitment, development and assignment of appropriately qualified personnel: One of the key drivers of audit quality is assigning professionals appropriate to the Authority's risks. We take great care to assign the right people to the right clients based on a number of factors including their skill set, capacity and relevant experience.

We have a well developed technical infrastructure across the firm that puts us in a strong position to deal with any emerging issues. This includes:

- A national public sector technical director who has responsibility for co-ordinating our response to emerging accounting issues, influencing accounting bodies (such as CIPFA) as well as acting as a sounding board for our auditors.
- A national technical network of public sector audit professionals is established that meets on a monthly basis and is chaired by our national technical director.
- All of our staff have a searchable data base, Accounting Research Online, that includes all published accounting standards, the KPMG Audit Manual Guidance as well as other relevant sector specific publications, such as the Audit Commission's *Code of Audit Practice*.
- A dedicated Department of Professional Practice comprised of over 100 staff that provide support to our audit teams and deliver our web-based quarterly technical training.

We continually focus on delivering a high quality audit.

This means building robust quality control procedures into the core audit process rather than bolting them on at the end, and embedding the right attitude and approaches into management and staff.

Quality must build on the foundations of well trained staff and a robust methodology.

Commitment to technical excellence and quality service delivery:

Our professionals bring you up- the-minute and accurate technical solutions and together with our specialists are capable of solving complex audit issues and delivering valued insights.

Our audit team draws upon specialist resources including Forensic, Corporate Finance, Transaction Services, Advisory, Taxation, Actuarial and IT. We promote technical excellence and quality service delivery through training and accreditation, developing business understanding and sector knowledge, investment in technical support, development of specialist networks and effective consultation processes.

Performance of effective and efficient audits: We understand that how an audit is conducted is as important as the final result. Our drivers of audit quality maximise the performance of the engagement team during the conduct of every audit. We expect our people to demonstrate certain key behaviors in the performance of effective and efficient audits. The key behaviors that our auditors apply throughout the audit process to deliver effective and efficient audits are outlined below:

- timely Engagement Lead and manager involvement;
- critical assessment of audit evidence;
- exercise of professional judgment and professional scepticism;
- ongoing mentoring and on the job coaching, supervision and review;
- appropriately supported and documented conclusions;
- if relevant, appropriate involvement of the Engagement Quality Control reviewer (EQC review);
- clear reporting of significant findings;
- insightful, open and honest two-way communication with those charged with governance; and
- client confidentiality, information security and data privacy.

Commitment to continuous improvement: We employ a broad range of mechanisms to monitor our performance, respond to feedback and understand our opportunities for improvement.

Our quality review results

Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd publishes information on the quality of work provided by us (and all other firms) for audits undertaken on behalf of them (<http://www.psa.co.uk/audit-quality/principal-audits/kpmg-audit-quality/>).

The latest Annual Regulatory Compliance and Quality Report (issued June 2015) showed that we are meeting the overall audit quality and regulatory compliance requirements.



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